

السنة الثانية ثانوي إعدادي	الحساب العرفي	تمارين مقتضبة
		تمرين 1: بسط ما يلى :
		$C = ab + 2a - 7 + a - 5ab \quad , \quad B = 7 - 5x - 3x^2 + x - 8 + 7x^2 \quad , \quad A = 2x + 5 + 8x + 11$
		تمرين 2: انشر و بسط :
		$D = (3x + 4)(x - 1) \quad , \quad C = 2(1 - x^2) + x(2x + 3) \quad , \quad B = -6(1 - x) - (10 - x) \quad , \quad A = 2(x - 8) + 7$
		$H = (8x - 7y)(8x + 7y) \quad , \quad G = (2y - 5)^2 \quad , \quad F = (x + 3)^2 \quad , \quad E = (x - 2)(2x - 5) - 7(-10 + 4)$
		تمرين 3: عمل ما يلى :
		$D = x + 5x^2 + 11x^3 \quad , \quad C = 5x - x^2 \quad , \quad B = 12x + 18 \quad , \quad A = ab + 5b$
		$G = x^2 + 4x + 4 \quad , \quad F = 5(x + 1) + (x + 1)^2 \quad , \quad E = (x - 3)(x + 7) - (5 - x)(x - 3)$
		$K = (x + 1)^2 - x^4 \quad , \quad J = 100x^2 - 121 \quad , \quad I = (2x - 3)^2 - (x + 1)^2 \quad , \quad H = x^2 - \frac{9}{64}$
		تمرين 4: مزيدا من التفكير -
		$A = (1 + x + x^2 + x^3)(1 - x) \quad : \quad \text{انشر} \quad ■$
		$B = x + 1^3 \quad : \quad \text{انشر} \quad ■$
		$C = x^{2016} - 1 \quad : \quad \text{عمل} \quad ■$
		$= x^3 + 2x^2 + x^2 - 4 \quad : \quad \text{عمل} \quad ■$

تمرين 1: تبسيط

$$C = ab + 2a - 7 + a - 5ab$$

$$C = 2a + a + ab - 5ab - 7$$

$$C = 3a - 4ab - 7$$

$$B = 7 - 5x - 3x^2 + x - 8 + 7x^2$$

$$B = 7 - 8 - 5x + x - 3x^2 + 7x^2$$

$$B = -1 - 4x + 4x^2$$

$$A = 2x + 5 + 8x + 11$$

$$A = 2x + 8x + 5 + 11$$

$$A = 10x + 16$$

أنتهاء للتبسيط نجمع العدود المشتقة

تمرين 2: تنشر وتبسط

$$C = 2(1 - x^2) + x(2x + 3)$$

$$C = 2 - 2x^2 + 2x^2 + 3x$$

$$C = 2 + 3x$$

$$F = (x+3)^2$$

$$F = x^2 + 2 \times x \times 3 + 3^2$$

$$F = x^2 + 6x + 9$$

$$H = (8x - 7y)(8x + 7y)$$

$$H = (8x)^2 - (7y)^2$$

$$H = 64x^2 - 49y^2$$

$$B = -6(1 - x) - (10 - x)$$

$$B = -6 + 6x - 10 + x$$

$$B = 7x - 16$$

$$E = (x - 2)(2x - 5) - 7(-10 + 4)$$

$$E = 2x^2 - 5x - 4x + 10 + 70 - 28$$

$$E = 2x^2 - 9x + 52$$

$$A = 2(x - 8) + 7$$

$$A = 2x - 16 + 7$$

$$A = 2x - 9$$

$$D = (3x + 4)(x - 1)$$

$$D = 3x^2 - 3x + 4x - 4$$

$$D = 3x^2 + x - 4$$

$$G = (2y - 5)^2$$

$$G = (2y)^2 - 2 \times 2y \times 5 + 5^2$$

$$G = 4y^2 - 20y + 25$$

نذكر بالتطابقات العامة: $(a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$ ، $(a-b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$ ، $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$

تمرين 3: تعمل

$$D = x + 5x^2 + 11x^3$$

$$D = x(1 + 5x + 11x^2)$$

$$G = x^2 + 4x + 4$$

$$G = x^2 + 2 \times x \times 2 + 2^2$$

$$G = (x+2)^2$$

$$C = 5x - x^2$$

$$C = x(5 - x)$$

$$B = 12x + 18$$

$$B = 6(2x + 3)$$

$$A = ab + 5b$$

$$A = b(a + 5)$$

$$F = 5(x+1) + (x+1)^2$$

$$F = (x+1)[5 + (x+1)]$$

$$F = (x+1)(5 + x + 1)$$

$$F = (x+1)(x+6)$$

$$E = (x - 3)(x + 7) - (5 - x)(x - 3)$$

$$E = (x - 3)[(x + 7) - (5 - x)]$$

$$E = (x - 3)(x + 7 - 5 + x)$$

$$E = (x - 3)(2x + 2)$$

$$J = 100x^2 - 121$$

$$J = (10x)^2 - 11^2$$

$$J = (10x + 11)(10x - 11)$$

$$K = (x+1)^2 - x^4$$

$$K = (x+1)^2 - (x^2)^2$$

$$K = (x+1+x^2)(x+1-x^2)$$

$$I = (2x - 3)^2 - (x+1)^2$$

$$I = [(2x - 3) + (x+1)][(2x - 3) - (x+1)]$$

$$I = (2x - 3 + x + 1)(2x - 3 - x - 1)$$

$$I = (3x - 2)(x - 4)$$

$$H = x^2 - \frac{9}{64}$$

$$H = x^2 - \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^2$$

$$H = \left(x + \frac{3}{8}\right)\left(x - \frac{3}{8}\right)$$

هي كثير من الأحيان نعمل باستعمال للتطابقة $a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$

تمرين 4:

$$A = (1 + x + x^2 + x^3)(1 - x) = 1 - x + x - x^2 + x^2 - x^3 + x^3 - x^4 = 1 - x^4$$

$$B = (x+1)^3 = (x+1)(x+1)^2 = (x+1)(x^2 + 2x + 1) = x^3 + 2x^2 + x + x^2 + 2x + 1 = x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$$

$$C = x^{1000} - 1 = (x^{1000})^2 - 1 = (x^{1000} + 1)(x^{1000} - 1)$$

$$D = x^3 + 2x^2 + x^2 - 4 = x^2(x+2) + (x+2)(x-2) = (x+2)[x^2 + (x-2)] = (x+2)(x^2 + x - 2)$$