خاص بكتابة الامتحان			الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا -الدورة العادية 2008- الموضوع	المركز الوطني للتقويم والامتحانات	المملكة المغربية لا التربيدة السوطنيدة تمايم الممالي كويت الأطروب بحث المحادث المعادمي الدولة المكلفة بالتعليم المعرسي	وزارة والت والت والت والت
2س	مدة الإنجاز:	م الامتحان: الاسم الشخصي و العائلي: تاريخ و مكان الازدياد:		رقم الامتحان		
2	المعامل:			لمية والتقنية والأصيلة	اللغة الإنجليزية كل مسالك الشعب الع	المسادة: الشعب(ة):



خاص بكتابة الامتحان	ر توقیعه: علی 20	اسم المصحح النقطة النهانية	اللغة الإنجليزية كل مسالك الشعب العلمية والتقنية والأصيلة	
الصفحة: 1 على 4	ورقة الإجابة	eszesis va	mail bib estimations and (C: NS12

Rachida was born in a rural Moroccan village, Ain Jdid, in 1973. She is married and has four children. Her husband is a seasonal agricultural worker who earns about 700 dhs per month when he works.

roo by

When an aid organisation offered literacy classes in her village, Rachida immediately recognised that an excellent opportunity was suddenly offered to her. The class signalled

a new beginning for Rachida — if she took classes, she would be able to read and write, add and subtract, and acquire skills that were always reserved for others. When she first learnt how to write her name on a slate, and then on paper, she was overjoyed. Although Rachida and her classmates were laughed at by some villagers as **they** walked to school each day, they ignored **them** and were proud of their accomplishment.

The course went a step beyond providing basic literacy training to the women of Ain Jdid. Those who performed the best on the final exam were also offered support in setting up a business- a farm animal cooperative. Armed with their newly acquired numeracy and literacy skills, and with technical assistance from the organisation, they started a successful business. Their example gave rural women a new image —that of independent female entrepreneurs who could manage their own businesses. They were no longer field workers.

Rachida now buys and sells farm animals through the cooperative and earns enough income to support her family. More importantly, she can share the joy of learning with her school-aged children and help them with their homework. She is confident about the future. She says her new skills have given her more than just an income. "Through this programme, women have paved the way to a new life," she said.

As a proof to the programme's success, now even some of the men in the village who had criticised Rachida and her classmates want to attend literacy classes.

I. COMPREHENSION (15 POINTS) BASE ALL YOUR ANSWERS ON THE TEXT

A. ARE THESE STATEMENTS TRUE OR FALSE? JUSTIFY. (3 pts)

- 1. Rachida is originally from a big city.
- 2. Some villagers made fun of women going to literacy classes.
- 3. Some women of the village became independent.

لا يكتب أي شيء في هذا الإطار

4	على	الصفحة: 2	C: N\$12
)]		NSWER THESE QUESTIONS IN YOUR OWN WORDS. (4 pts) What opportunities did literacy classes offer to Rachida?	
	2. V	Which group of women benefited from technical assistance?	i mai ess
	3. H	low do Rachida's children benefit from her literacy?	
	4. V	Why did some villagers change their opinion about the literacy programme?	
	1. tl	HAT DO THE UNDERLINED WORDS IN THE TEXT REFER TO? (2 pts) ney:	
	1. p 2. v 3. si	eriodical (parag. 1) ery happy (parag. 2) earting (parag. 3) enoney (parag. 4)	(4 pts)
	1. F 2. L	emale entrepreneurs change rural men's life. iteracy changes a rural woman's life. ural men change rural women's life. Title:	breçaba.
Ι	A. GI	GUAGE (15 POINTS) VE THE CORRECT FORM OF THE WORDS BETWEEN BRACKETS.(2 points) coccan NGOs have made great efforts to combat illiteracy. They help youths with ba	asic
	kno	wledge and (manage) skills. They also train the	iem to
	beco	ome (financial) independent.	
	B. FII	LL IN THE GAP WITH AN APPROPRIATE PHRASAL VERB.(2 pts) picked up - found out - grew up - went through - turned down	
	1. Jan	e was accepted to work in a bank but she the job beca	use the
	sa	ary was not interesting.	
	2. My	uncle Ibrahimhis American accent when he was work	ing in the
	U	SA.	
-			

لا يكتب أي شيء في هذا الإطار

الصفحة: 3 على	C: NS12
C. MATCH THE WORDS THAT G	O TOGETHER TO MAKE APPROPRIATE
COLLOCATIONS (2 pts).	
1. have	a. care
2. information	b. technology
mortance of this coloration in our easies	c. fun
Answers: 1	2
D. REWRITE THE SENTENCES BEG	INNING WITH THE WORDS GIVEN.(3 pts)
1. "Do we need a lot of money	for the project?" some villagers asked the manager.
Some villagers asked	A
2. The cooperative awarded a p	
Rachida	
3. Salah didn't buy the farm bed	cause he didn't get financial support from the bank.
If	
	CKETS IN THE CORRECT TENSE.(3 pts)
	a new stadium two years ago.
2. Before she became a doctor, S	Salma (already- to work) as
a biology teacher for 2 years.	
3. At the moment, a foreign NGC	O (to prepare) a huge project
for human development in rural are	eas in Yemen.
F. JOIN THE PAIRS OF SENTENCE	CES WITH THE LINKING WORDS GIVEN.(3 pts)
1. The local authorities opened new s	chools. They wanted to serve their community better.(so as to
2. The government invests a lot of mo	oney on tourism. Not many tourists visit our town. (however)

لا يكتب أي شيء في هذا الإطار

الصفحة: 4 على 4	C: N\$12			
Countries around the world celebrate different events (national/international, cultural, or religious). Choose one of the events celebrated in Morocco (e.g. Aid Al Fitr, Imilchil festival, New Year's Eve, Moussems, etc.) and write a letter to tell your pen friend about it.(Approximately 150 words) These ideas might help you:				
 the event/festival celebrated, where and when it is celebrated, how people celebrate it (any special meals, clothes, visits, feelings, etc.) 	 the importance of this celebration in our culture, your own feelings, opinions and/or attitudes. 			
C WHAT DO THE LOUIS CORD MORES P	CHE TEXT REFER TOTAL past			
abitics	Anterior a balance relacione ed L 3 partir			
cada ir set tim ancias signings incom as braik.	sil vanaxurenus edi võid Pabla dela?			
	and an analysis of the second			
·				
	CHEST A 160 MARCH VEROLOGIA			
(ara on OOM geroral Automont eta (A			
3031				
S Asian Engeland Educates Lagrange				
picket et le en				

تصحيح الامتحان الوطني الموحد للبكالوريا الدورة العادية 2008

<u>المادة</u>: اللغة الإنجليزية <u>الشعب</u>: جميع الشعب التقنية والعلمية <u>المعامل</u> : 2 مات الانجاذ : 2 س

KEY AND MARKING SCALE I. COMPREHENSION

BASE ALL YOUR ANSWERS ON THE TEXT

A. ARE THESE STATEMENTS TRUE OR FALSE? JUSTIFY

To the discretion of teacher

B. ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS IN YOUR OWN WORDS

- C. WORD REFERENCE
- 1. They: Rachida and her classmates 2. Them: villagers

D. WORDS/ EXPRESSIONS MEANING THE SAME AS:

- 1. periodical → seasonal 2. very happy → overjoyed
- 3. starting → setting up 4. money → income

E. THE BEST TITLE?

2. Literacy changes a rural woman's life.

II- LANGUAGE

A. WORD FORMATION

1. management **2.** financially

B. PHRASAL VERBS

1. turned down 2. picked up

C. COLLOCATIONS

1. have fun 2. information technology

D. REWRITING SENTENCES

- 1. Some villagers asked whether / if they needed a lot of money for the project.
- 2. Rachida was awarded a prize (by the cooperative)
- 3. If Salah (he) had got financial support, he (Salah) would have bought the farm.

E. TENSES

1. built 2. had already worked/ been working 3. is preparing

F. LINKING WORDS

- 1. The local authorities opened new schools so as to serve the community better.
- 2. The government invests a lot of money; however, not many tourists visit our town.
- 3. Tom and his wife decided to work over time because they needed more money.

III- WRITING

Assessement and scoring criteria:

- 1. Content and originality of ideas.
- 2. Coherence and organisation.
- 3. Grammer and vocabulary.
- 4. Mechanics: spelling, punctuation, capitalization etc,

NB: please accept any appropriate answer not mentioned in the key.